

Registration No :

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Total Number of Pages : 02

IMBA
16IMN104

1st Semester Regular Examination 2019-20
BASIC FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING-I

BRANCH : IMBA

Max Marks : 100

Time : 3 Hours

Q.CODE : HR780

Answer Question No.1 (Part-1) which is compulsory, any EIGHT from Part-II and any TWO from Part-III.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Part-I

Q1 Only Short Answer Type Questions (Answer All-10)

(2 x 10)

- a) Define Accounting .
- b) What is the purpose of subsidiary books ?
- c) Write the main objectives of Accounting .
- d) What is GAPP?
- e) How will you treat closing stock in final accounts if it appears in a Trial balance .
- f) Explain what is Accounting cycle .
- g) What do you understand by Marshalling of a Balance sheet ?
- h) List different items that are being adjusted with the capital in the balance sheet .
- i) Why is it important to consider the adjustments while preparing final accounts ?
- j) Explain what is an intangible asset ?

Part-II

Q2 Only Focused-Short Answer Type Questions- (Answer Any Eight out of Twelve)

(6 x 8)

- a) Write the items that are shown in a Trading Account .
- b) Describe the Accounting cycle .
- c) Journalise the following transactions .
 - i. Started business with Rs 5,00,000 .
 - ii. Bought furniture worth Rs 20,000 .
 - iii. Purchased goods Rs 50,000 .
 - iv. Withdrew goods worth Rs 1,000 for personal use .
- d) Why do you need to make a proper maintenance of books of accounts ?
- e) Explain the Conservatism convention .
- f) Distinguish between capital expenditures and revenue expenditures.
- g) What are the purposes of making Trial Balance ?
- h) Explain why it is important to provide for Bad debt ?
- i) How do you treat the following adjustments in final accounts ?
 - i. Prepaid Expenses
 - ii. Outstanding Expenses
- j) Why does a bank credits our account when we actually deposit money into our account?
- k) State the different reasons why assets depreciate.
- l) Draw a cash account with imaginary figures.

Part-III

Only Long Answer Type Questions (Answer Any Two out of Four)

Q3 State the reasons behind stakeholders' interest in the books of accounts of a business enterprise. (16)

Q4 Explain the different account concepts. (16)

Q5 Draw a Balance Sheet with imaginary figures. (16)

Q6 Prepare a Trading and Profit & Loss account for Mr Keshav Kanta from the data given below: (16)

Credit Balances:

Capital Rs 1,00,000; Sales Rs 321000; interest earned Rs 4000; Creditors Rs 1,20,000; Bad debts Rs 8000. Purchase returns Rs 5000.

Debit Balances:

Fixed Assets Rs 50,000; Purchases Rs 1,50,000; Debtors, Rs 2,00,000; Salaries Rs 30,000; Wages Rs 20,000; Ret Rs 15,000; Sales Return Rs 10,000; Printing and Stationery Rs 9000; Insurance Rs 12,000; Opening stock Rs 50,000 Office Expenses Rs 12,000.

The closing stock was valued at Rs 40,000. Allow a depreciation of 10% on Fixed Assets.

Registration No :

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Total Number of Pages : 03

IMBA
16IMN104

1st Semester Regular Examination 2018-19

BASIC FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING- I

BRANCH : IMBA

Time : 3 Hours

Max Marks : 100

Q.CODE : E816

Answer Question No.1 (Part-1) which is compulsory, any EIGHT from Part-II and any TWO from Part-III.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Part- I

Q1 Short Answer Type Questions (Answer All-10) (2 x 10)

- Name the stakeholders who use accounting information for planning a company's profitability?
- If an asset is purchased on credit it will impact the assets and liabilities. Mention the impacts.
- What are the 3 principal financial statements that are included in the Financial reports of the Board of Directors.
- A sole proprietor decided to use the same bank account for his personal affairs as for the business. Does it violate any fundamental concept of accounting? Mention the same, if you agree.
- Explain the meaning of the terms debit and credit.
- Make journal entry :
"Amit is declared insolvent. Received from his official receiver 60 paisa dividend in the rupee on a debt of Rs.4000."
- What are the different types of cash book ?
- Name the subsidiary books maintained by an organization.
- Name the proper sequence of accounting cycle.
- Why do you need adjustment entries?

Part- II

Q2 Focused-Short Answer Type Questions- (Answer Any Eight out of Twelve) (6 x 8)

- Explain the rules regarding journal entries under traditional way. Is there any other way of making journal entries?
- What is GAAP? Why is GAAP necessary?
- Why does a business maintain subsidiary books? Give an example of one subsidiary book.
- Who are the stakeholders of business?
- What is marshaling of balance sheet? Discuss the process.
- What are the differences between trading account and manufacturing account?
- Write the benefits derived from preparing and maintaining accounts.
- What are the differences between a balance sheet and a Trial Balance?
- Make journal entries for an outstanding expenditure and prepaid expenditure with imaginary accounts and figures.

- j) Make journal entries for accrued income and prepaid income.
 k) What are errors of omission and errors of commission? Give examples.
 l) A book keeper has submitted to you the following trial balance wherein the totals of debit and credit balance are not equal :

	Dr. (Rs.)	Cr. (Rs.)
Capital	-	15,340
Cash in hand	-	60
Purchases	17,980	-
Sales	-	22,120
Cash at Bank	1,770	-
Fixture & Fitting	450	-
Freehold Premises	3,000	-
Lighting and Heating	130	-
Bills Receivable	-	1,650
Return Inwards	-	60
Salaries	2,150	-
Creditors	-	3,780
Debtors	11,400	-
Stocks (1.1.2001)	6,000	-
Printing	450	-
Bills payable	3,750	-
Rates, Taxes and Insurance	380	-
Discount Received / Allowed	890	400
	48,350	43,410

You are required to draft the Trial Balance correctly.

Part-III

Long Answer Type Questions (Answer Any Two out of Four)

- Q3** Define Accounting. Explain the need for accounting information by various stakeholders of business. (16)
- Q4** Distinguish between a revenue expenditure and capital expenditure? How would you identify expenditure as either a revenue or a capital expenditure? (16)
- Q5** Why should you prepare a trial balance? In so preparing, there might be many mistakes. Identify such mistakes and explain the methods to rectify the same. (16)

From the following Trial Balance of Shri Ram, prepare Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st December, 2017 and a Balance sheet as on that date. (16)

Dr. Balances	Rs.	Cr. Balances	Rs.
Opening Stock	20,000	Sales	2,70,000
Purchases	80,000	Purchase Returns	4,000
Sales Return	6,000	Discount	5,200
Carriage Inwards	3,600	Sundry Creditors	25,000
Carriage outwards	800	Bills payable	1,800
Wages	42,000	Capital	75,000
Salaries	27,500		
Plant & Machinery	90,000		
Furniture	8,000		
Sundry Debtors	52,000		
Bills Receivable	2,500		
Cash in hand	6,300		
Travelling expenses	3,700		
Lighting (factory)	1,400		
Rent & Taxes	7,200		
General expenses	10,500		
Insurance	1,500		
Drawings	18,000		
Total	3,81,000	Total	3,81,000

Adjustments :

- Stock on 31st December, 2017 was valued at Rs.24,000 (Market value Rs.30,000)
- Wages outstanding for December, 2017 amounting to Rs.3,000
- Salaries outstanding for December, 2017 amounted to Rs.2,500
- Prepaid insurance amounted to Rs.300.

Provide depreciation on plant and machinery at 5% and on furniture at 20%.

Registration No:

1	7	1	3	2	5	8	0	3	6
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Total Number of Pages : 03

IMBA
16IMN104

1st Semester Regular / Back Examination 2017-18
BASIC FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING-I

BRANCH: IMBA

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 100

Q.CODE: B998

Answer Question No.1 and 2 which are compulsory and any FOUR from the rest.
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Q1 Answer the following questions: *multiple type or dash fill up type* (2 x 10)

- a) The _____ concept states that businesses should be treated as if they will continue to stay in business.
- b) Fixed assets are shown at their _____ value in a balance sheet.
- c) According to the _____ principle, some financial information is not worth retrieving.
- d) The _____ shows the changes in equity during a period.
- e) Accounts receivable is reported as a _____ on the balance sheet.
- f) The _____ is the first financial statement prepared during the accounting cycle.
- g) The excess of current assets over current liabilities is called _____.
- h) The claims of creditors against the assets of a business are said to be _____.
- i) Goods purchased for resale purpose are recorded as _____.
- j) Pre-paid insurance is reported as an _____ on a company's balance sheet.

Q2 Answer the following questions: (2 x 10)

- a) What do you mean by goodwill?
- b) How is the income statement linked to the balance sheet?
- c) Explain what is Deferred revenue expenditure?
- d) How is new provisions for bad debt treated in the books of accounts?
- e) Name different types of Expenditures?
- f) Give two examples of fictitious assets.
- g) What is single entry accounting?
- h) How are accounts classified as per modern classification of accounts?
- i) What is arranging a balance sheet in the order of permanence?
- j) What do you mean by 'Error of Omission'?

Q3 What is the purpose of following Accounting Concepts and Conventions? (15)
Explain Dual Aspect, Business Entity, Conservatism, Matching and Consistency principles of accounting.

Q4 On 1.4.16, the following were the ledger balances of Sharp & Co : (15)

Cash in hand – Rs 9,000
Cash at bank – Rs 21,000
Stock – Rs 20,000
Raman (Dr) – Rs 12,400
Soma (Cr) – Rs 5,000
Parth (Cr) – Rs 3,000
Sambit (Dr) – Rs 4,500
Motor Car – Rs 50,000
Bank loan – Rs 40,000

Transactions during the month were as follows.

	Rs
Apr 2 Bought goods from Parth -----	8,000
Apr 3 Sold to Sambit -----	15,000
Apr 5 Bought goods-----	13,600
Apr 7 Goods taken for personal use-----	1,200
Apr 10 Received from Raman in full settlement----	12,000
Apr 11 Paid full amount to Soma	
Apr 12 Paid for office stationeries -----	500
Apr 13 Paid to Parth by cheque in full settlement --	2,800
Apr 14 Rent due to landlord -----	1,500
Post them in the books of accounts of Sharp & Co.	

Q5 a) What is a Trial Balance ? Why is it prepared ? What are the different ways of preparing a Trial Balance ? Give a specimen of a Trial Balance with imaginary figures. (10)

b) Explain the terms Net Profit, Pre paid Expense, Accrued Income, Bad Debt and Reserves. (5)

Q6 On 31.12.16 the following balances were extracted from the books of accounts of Matruka Prasad's business. (15)

Sl No.	Items	Lf	Dr Amt	Cr Amt
1	Capital			1,40,000
2	Building		80,000 ✓	
3	Net Sales			1,20,000
4	Net Purchases		85,000	
5	Opening stock		25,000	
6	Discount		850	
7	Bank Charges		425	
8	Salaries		12,500	
9	Sundry Debtors		38,000 ✓	
10	Creditors		25,000	
11	Wages		14,800	
12	Carriage inward		625	
13	Carriage outward		500	
14	Advertisement		1,300	
15	Bad Debt Provision			750
16	Rent			250
17	Cash		9,000 ✓	
18	Bank		18,000 ✓	
	Total		2,86,000	2,86,000

Prepare the final accounts for the year ending 31.12.16 after considering the following adjustments.

Closing stock – Rs 42,000

Building depreciation – Rs 7 %

Bad debt provision – Rs 600

Interest on capital to be allowed at 5 % per annum

Wages unpaid Rs 800

- Q7 a) What is a Cash Book ? What are the various types of cash books ? Cash account always shows debit balance . True or false ? Justify your answer. (5)
- b) From the following information prepare an appropriate cash book. (10)

Jan 1-	Opening cash balance	Rs 2,360
	Bank balance	Rs 4,500
Jan 2-	issued a cheque in favour of petty cashier	Rs 1,000
Jan 3-	Received a cheque from Gul	Rs 1,450
	and allowed a discount of	Rs 50
Jan 4-	Goods bought by cheque	Rs 3,240
Jan 5-	Withdrew Rs 1,000 for personal use.	
Jan 6-	Issued cheque to Shyam	Rs 2,420
	and received discount	Rs 80
Jan 7-	Cash sales	Rs 7,850
Jan 8-	Gul dishonoured her cheque.	
Jan 9-	Deposited into bank	Rs 2,000
Jan 9-	Received interest on investment	Rs 500
Jan 10-	Balance of cash at bank (Cr.)	Rs 3,160

Q8 Write short notes on the following (ANY THREE). (5×3)

- a) Owner's equity and outsider's equity
- b) Short term Investments
- c) Interest on Capital
- d) Bad debt recovered

1ST Semester Regular Examination 2016-17
BASIC FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING-I

BRANCH: INTEGRATED MBA

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 100

Q.CODE: Y804

Answer Part-A which is compulsory and any four from Part-B.
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Part – A (Answer all the questions)

Q1 Fill in the gaps for the following questions: **(2 x 10)**

- a) A business owns -----and -----assets.
- b) A business what owns is -----and what it owes is -----
- c) An expense can be broadly divided into two parts namely----- and -----.
- d) Two examples of deferred revenue expenditures are-----and -----.
- e) Owner's equity is composed of -----and -----.
- f) In traditional approach of accounting the accounts can be maintained by -----and -----basis.
- g) Balance sheet can be prepared in the order of -----and -----.
- h) Provisions are made to meet anticipated ----- where as reserves are made from the profit which belongs to the -----.
- i) Revenue minus cost of goods sold is ----- but net sales revenue is sales minus -----.
- j) Capital is -----minus -----.

Q2 Answer the following questions: **Short answer type** **(2 x 10)**

- a) What is a cash book?
- b) Explain the meaning of going concern concept.
- c) What is an accounting equation?
- d) What is accounting cycle?
- e) What are the subsidiary books. Name them
- f) What are depreciation and appreciation? Explain with examples.
- g) Write a journal entry for sales outstanding Rs 50,000/-
- h) What are the golden principles of accounting?
- i) What are errors of commission? Give examples.
- j) What do you mean by Financial Statements?

Part – B (Answer any four questions)

- Q3**
- a) Who are the stakeholders of a business? Explain their need for accounting information. **(10)**
 - b) What are the limitations of accounting? **(5)**

Q4 What do you mean by basic accounting concepts and conventions? Discuss the concepts and conventions. (15)

Q5 Journalise the following transactions for the month of January , 2016 (15)

- 2 Started a business with Rs 1,00,000/-
Paid into the bank Rs 50,000/-
- 3 Bought furniture for cash Rs 5,000/-
- 5 Bought goods for Rs 30,000/-
- 6 Sold goods for cash Rs 6,000
- 10 Bought one computer for Rs 18,000
- 13 Sold goods to M/S Ramayya for Rs 10,000 on credit
- 14 Bought goods from M/s Mahindra for Rs 20,000 on credit
- 15 Paid telephone charges Rs 2,400, Advertisement Rs 2,000
- 16 Paid Salaries Rs 3,000
- 20 Sold goods to Mr Lal Rs 8,000 for cash
- 25 Withdrew cash from bank Rs 300/-
- 30 Bought one delivery van for Rs 3,00,000 on credit from M/S Mahindra and Mahindra Co.

Q6 a) Show the accounting equation on the basis of following transactions: (10)

- a. Rajesh started business with cash Rs 50,000/-
- b. Purchased equipment for cash Rs 7,000/-
- c. Purchased goods on credit Rs.2000/-
- d. Paid Rs 1500 to creditors
- e. Sold goods for cash Rs 2000/- (cost price Rs.1200/-)
- f. Business Expenses made Rs 750/-
- g. Depreciation on equipment Rs. 200/-
- h. Purchased goods for cash Rs 1,000/-
- i. Rent outstanding Rs 1200/-
- j. Taken a bank loan from SBI Rs 20,000/-

b) Identify the nature of the following accounts (5)

- a. Depreciation
- b. Insurance premium
- c. Dividend
- d. Plant and Machinery
- e. Goodwill

Q7 a) Differentiate between Revenue and capital expenditures (10)

b) Classify the following expenses between capital and revenue (5)

- a. Cost of repainting the factory shed
- b. Overhauling of an old machine
- c. Legal expenses incurred for raising a loan
- d. Compensation paid to the injured employee
- e. Purchased a second hand machine

Q8

From the following information, prepared the trading, profit and loss account and balance sheet of a trader for the year ending 2015-16

(15)

Creditors -100000
Bills payable 5600
Loan from SBI- 50,000
Capital -4,54,000
Sales -6,30,000
Purchase Returns -Rs 5000
Discount earned -1000
Bad debt re covered -3500
Interest on investment -3000
Fixed Assets -300000
Opening Stock- 75000
Debtors - 2,05,000
Bill receivables - 10000
Investments -50,000
Cash in hand - 5000
Cash at bank- 10,000
Drawing -9000
Purchases -5,25,000
Sales Return - 10,000
Carriage - 1400
Freight outward - 2000
Duty paid on purchases- 1600
Primary packaging expenses -2000
Rent paid -3000
Insurance paid - 3600
Office expenses 13,200
Discount allowed -2000
Bad debts - 5000
Interest on loan - 2500
Delivery expenses - 6600
Selling and Distribution Expenses - 10,000
Income Tax paid - 1000
VAT collected - 2000
Loose Tools - 2000
Commission received - 800
Closing Stock- 40,000

Registration No :

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Total Number of Pages : 02

IMBA
16IMN101

1st Semester Regular/Back Examination 2019-20

ENGLISH LANGUAGE COMM-I

BRANCH : IMBA

Max Marks : 100

Time : 3 Hours

Q.CODE : HRB564

Answer Question No.1 (Part-1) which is compulsory, any EIGHT from Part-II and any TWO from Part-III.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Part-I

Q1 Only Short Answer Type Questions (Answer All-10) (2 x 10)

- What is 'summary'? How it is different from a 'précis'?
- Which reading strategy is applied While searching for particular information from any bulk text file?
- 'Distance' comes under which kind of barrier?
- What is tonal variation?
- How do you identify the difference between Rising and falling tone?
- Define 'syllable'
- What is a communication Network?
- What do you mean by-IPA
- What is a diphthong?
- Differentiate between primary stress and secondary stress. [With example]

Part-II

Q2 Only Focused-Short Answer Type Questions- (Answer Any Eight out of Twelve) (6 x 8)

- Explain 'coherence' and its usefulness in paragraph building
- "I won't be able to tell the truth right now" [explain the change in meaning due to stress shift]
- Differentiate between a verb of state and verb of event
- Differentiate between sign language and paralanguage
- least, paramount, test [make syllable division and identify the primary stress
- nest, cute, flatter, education, ship, huge,[make phonemic transcription of the given words]
- Distinguish between sign language and paralanguage.
- Explain 'punctuation'and state preferential difference between a colon and a semicolon with example
- State the context when falling tone is used instead of rising tone.
- What are the conductive stage behaviour while giving oral presentation
- What is concord? Explain with example
- Write a short note on the role of ' prediction in reading

Part-III

Q3 Only Long Answer Type Questions (Answer Any Two out of Four) (16)
Distinguish between filters and barriers in relation to both verbal and nonverbal communications and state ways to overcome those.

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Q4 What are the salient features of effective communication? Highlight the areas of conflict between communication Networks in an organization. **(16)**

258 **Q5** 258 The role of audience is crucial in achieving effectiveness in our communication, do you agree: Discuss various strategies of effective listening. **(16)** 258

Q6 What are the stages of communication process? Explain other connected factors that influence communication. **(16)**

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Total Number of Pages : 02

IMBA
16IMN101

1st Semester Regular Examination 2018-19
ENGLISH LANGUAGE COMM-I

BRANCH : IMBA

Time : 3 Hours

Max Marks : 100

Q.CODE : E636

Answer Question No.1 (Part-1) which is compulsory, any EIGHT from Part-II and any TWO from Part-III.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Part- I

Q1 Short Answer Type Questions (Answer All-10) (2 x 10)

- What are the different channels that help in the flow during the process of communication?
- What do you understand by code in communication?
- The number of consonant sounds present in IPA is _____. (24/20/44/26)
- Stephen is driving the bus. (Change into in-finite verb)
- Re-write the sentence with proper tense form: Sun will rise tomorrow morning at 5:00 a.m. in the east.
- What should be the speed of delivery while giving a presentation?
- According to 'RP' total number of phonetic sounds are _____.
- What do you mean by an audience profile?
- Which reading skill help us in comprehending a given text in less amount of time?
- In any communication the contribution of non-verbal communication can be up to _____ %.

Part- II

Q2 Focused-Short Answer Type Questions- (Answer Any Eight out of Twelve) (6 x 8)

- What are the different purposes involved in communication?
- Without feedback the process of communication is incomplete. Justify.
- Differentiate between verbal and non-verbal communication.
- What are the factors that creates obstruction in the process of communication? Explain with examples.
- How written communication is more powerful than oral communication in a business context?
- What is the role of intonation during conversation in an official context?
- Mark the stressed syllable in the given words.
i) Accept, ii) Louder, iii) Education, iv) Typology, v) People, vi) Management.
- Differentiate between transitive verb and intransitive verb along with examples.
- Construct a narrative paragraph on the topic "Welcome day celebrations in college"
- Explain the process of writing. How is it different from speaking? Analyze.
- Write short notes on the topic: 'Stylistic variation in writing.'
- What is the importance of eye contact in business communication?

Part-III**Long Answer Type Questions (Answer Any Two out of Four)**

Q3 What are the different types of channels that exist in a business organization? Discuss. (16)

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Q4 What do you understand by a communication loop? Explain the process of communication along with the elements using a diagram. (16)

Q5 What are the 7 C's of effective communication? Elaborate whether there is any relevance between theory and practice with respect to present day organizational communication. (16)

Q6 Explain the role of non-verbal communication for a Manager. How do you think it impacts the way a manager communicates? (16)

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1st Semester Regular/Back Examination 2017-18

ENGLISH LANGUAGE COMM – I

BRANCH(S): IMBA

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 100

Q.CODE: B741

Answer Question No.1& 2 which are compulsory and any four from the rest.
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

- Q1 Fill in the blanks :** (2x10)
- a) Grammatical error in the process of oral communication is an example of ____ barrier.
 - b) ____ is known as the study of the role of time in communication.
 - c) The goal of ____ listening is to understand the speaker's feelings, needs, and wants so that you can appreciate his or her point of view.
 - d) The process of converting a message into thoughts by translating the received stimuli into an interpreted meaning in order to understand the message communicated is known as ____.
 - e) ____ is a reading technique which is often used to get specific information.
 - f) Developing teamwork and promoting group coordination within an organization is the main objective of ____ communication.
 - g) Haptics refers to ____.
 - h) The various changes in pitch or intonation refer to ____.
 - i) In the pronunciation of some words, two vowels combine together to form a single sound which is known as ____.
 - j) The number of syllables in the word "Management" is ____.
- Q2 Answer the following questions briefly :** (2x10)
- a) Define communication.
 - b) Outline two characteristics of a well-written paragraph.
 - c) The grapevine communication cannot be completely eliminated from organization. Explain.
 - d) How do filters affect the communication?
 - e) How is active listening different from passive listening?
 - f) What do you mean by phoneme?
 - g) Why is it important to communicate through English at the present time?
 - h) Define information overload with an example.
 - i) What is mother-tongue interference?
 - j) Divide the following words into syllables.
Student, Organization
- Q3** Lack of effective listening skills results in loss of time, lowering of productivity and missed opportunities. Do you agree with the statement? If yes, substantiate your answer with appropriate examples. (15)
- Q4** Discuss any four barriers that lead to communication breakdown in an organization. (15)
- Q5** Define non-verbal communication in your own words, giving an appropriate example. Discuss at least three ways in which non-verbal communication helps managers to interact with their subordinates effectively. (15)

- Q6 a) Describe the characteristics of effective speech and clear articulation. (10)
b) Correct the following sentences if necessary. (1x5)
- i) The cat was licking it's tail.
 - ii) I will not go to school, if *it shall rain tomorrow*.
 - iii) The police is investigating the murder.
 - iv) The hockey players as well as the mascot volunteers at the school.
 - v) The herd of horses gallop wildly across the field.
- Q7 How does formal communication differ from informal communication? In what directions can information travel within an organization's formal hierarchy? (15)
- Q8 **Write short notes on any THREE :** (5x3)
- a) Stress and intonation
 - b) Principles of effective writing
 - c) Reasons for incorrect pronunciation
 - d) Skimming reading technique versus scanning reading technique

Registration No :

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Total Number of Pages : 02

IMBA
16IMN105

1st Semester Regular Examination 2019-20

IT FOR MANAGEMENT

BRANCH : IMBA

Max Marks : 100

Time : 3 Hours

Q.CODE : HR859

Answer Question No.1 (Part-1) which is compulsory, any EIGHT from Part-II and any TWO from Part-III.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Part-I

Q1 Only Short Answer Type Questions (Answer All-10)

(2 x 10)

- a) Define Operating System.
- b) Differentiate between ROM and RAM.
- c) Differentiate between Software and Hardware with example.
- d) What do you mean by Cache Memory?
- e) Differentiate between LAN and MAN.
- f) Define Protocol.
- g) What do you mean by key in Database?
- h) What is Intranet?
- i) What is the full form of www and http?
- j) Differentiate between snooping and sniffing?

Part-II

Q2 Only Focused-Short Answer Type Questions- (Answer Any Eight out of Twelve)

(6 x 8)

- a) Differentiate between System Software and Application software with example
- b) Explain the generation of computer.
- c) What is memory in computer? Explain the different types of memory in computer system.
- d) Write the evolution and classification of programming languages?
- e) Discuss advantages and disadvantages of database.
- f) What is FTP? Explain with example.
- g) What are the components of a database system?
- h) Differentiate between multi-processing and multi-tasking operating system.
- i) How Broadband Internet Connection differs from Leased line internet Connection
- j) Write features of programming languages.
- k) What is multi threading? Explain with example.
- l) Explain different types of Networks with example of each type.

Part-III

Only Long Answer Type Questions (Answer Any Two out of Four)

- Q3** Explain TCP/IP and OSI Model in detail. (16)
- Q4** a) Briefly explain the application of Internet with example. (8)
b) What do you mean by Cyber Law? Describe. (8)
- Q5** Briefly explain the different types of Data Models with examples. (16)
- Q6** a) Explain different types of Languages with example available in Database Management System (8)
b) Write short notes on : (8)
(i) Hub
(ii) Switch
(iii) Router
(iv) Repeater

1st Semester Regular/Back Examination 2017-18
IT FOR MANAGEMENT
BRANCH : IMBA
Time : 3 Hours
Max Marks : 100
Q.CODE : B1086

**Answer Question No.1, Question No. 2 which are compulsory and any four from the rest.
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.**

Q1 Answer the following questions: (2x 10)

- _____ method is used for obtaining a record from a cassette tape.
- _____ converts assembly language to machine language.
- A common boundary between two systems is called _____.
- The symbols used in an assembly language are _____.
- The ALU of a computer normally contains a number of high speed storage elements called _____.
- Conversion of binary number 1010101000010111 to hexadecimal number is _____.
- The memory which is ultraviolet light erasable and electronically programmable is _____.
- The most common input device used today is _____.
- An attempt to make a computer resource unavailable to its intended users is called _____.
- The OSI model has _____ layers.

Q2 Answer the following questions: (2 x 10)

- a) What is operating system?
- b) What is interprocess communication?
- c) Explain the function of Virtual Memory.
- d) A local telephone network is an example of which network.
- e) In which mode FTP, the client initiates both the control and data connections.
- f) What is Relational Database?
- g) Which language is used to define the structure of the relation, deleting relations and relating schemas?
- h) What is Home Page of a Website?
- i) Explain Volatile Memory.
- j) What is ASCII?

- Q3** a) Explain the components of CPU and their functionality. (7)
- b) What is Operating System? Explain various services provided by Operating System. (8)
- Q4** a) Differentiate between Process and Thread. (7)
- b) What is demand paging? Explain various page replacement techniques used in virtual memory. (8)
- Q5** a) Explain different types of a Database Languages. (7)
- b) Describe the advantages and limitations of database. (8)
- Q6** a) Explain the evolution and classification of Programming Languages. (7)
- b) Differentiate between System Software and Application Software with one example for each. (8)
- Q7** a) List out various Communication Connectivity mechanisms in Internet. (7)
- b) Describe the basics of working of Internet. (8)
- Q8** a) Explain the difference between TCP-IP and OSI architecture model. (7)
- b) Describe various types of Attacks. (8)

Registration No :

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Total Number of Pages : 02

IMBA
16IMN105

1st Semester Regular Examination 2018-19
IT FOR MANAGEMENT

BRANCH : IMBA

Time : 3 Hours

Max Marks : 100

Q.CODE : E858

Answer all questions from part-I, any EIGHT from Part-II and any TWO from Part-III
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Part-I

Q1 Short Answer type Questions (Answer all questions): (2 x 10)

- What is joystick? How it is different from trackball?
- Define the terms hardware and software.
- Why is middleware so called?
- What is the necessity of an operating system for a computer system?
- What is data abstraction?
- Differentiate between data and information.
- What are the types of keys that are used in relational model?
- What purpose does a modem serve in data communication systems?
- What do you mean by internet security?
- Differentiate between downloading and uploading of information.

Part-II

Q2 Focused-short Answer type Questions (Answer any Eight questions): (6 x 8)

- What is meant by generations of computers? List out the various generations in computer technologies along with their characteristics.
- Draw and explain the basic structure of CPU.
- Compare microcomputers, minicomputers and main frames in terms of size and cost.
- Explain the concept of a programming language? Give its classification.
- What is software? Differentiate between System Software and Application Software. Enlist System and Application software.
- Write a short note on graphics and multimedia.
- Discuss the concept of data independence and explain its importance in a database environment.
- What are different languages and their purpose that are associated with DBMS?
- Explain the roles, duties and responsibilities of the different users of a database.
- With the help of suitable diagrams, explain the concept of simplex, half duplex and full duplex communication.
- Define computer virus. How do they infect and spread in a computer system? Explain at least three categories of viruses on the basis of their mode of existence. Give three examples of computer viruses.
- What is a Web Browser? Explain how a Web Browser works. Also, explain the types of Web Browsers.

Part-III

Long Answer type Questions (Answer any Two questions) :

(16 x 2)

- Q3** What are the various types of memory which are usually used with modern digital computers? Give their important features in brief.
- Q4** Differentiate among the following terms: multiprogramming, Multitasking, Multithreading and multiprocessing.
- Q5** What do you mean by data model? Compare and contrast different data models.
- Q6** What is the meaning of term "topology" in the context of Computer Networks? Explain different topologies giving their advantages and disadvantages.

1st Semester Regular Examination – 2016-17
IT FOR MANAGEMENT

Branch : INTEGRATED MBA

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 100

Q Code: Y811

Answer Question No.1, Question No.2 which are compulsory and any four from the rest.
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

- Q1 Answer the following questions: (2 x 10)
- a) _____ is volatile memory.
 - b) Thread is a _____ process.
 - c) _____ is a one way communication.
 - d) Window is _____ software.
 - e) Oracle is _____ DBMS.
 - f) Air is _____ transmission media.
 - g) _____ attaches itself automatically with other files.
 - h) _____ performs arithmetic & logical operations in computer.
 - i) The interface between computer hardware and user is _____.
 - j) FTP is _____ protocol.
- Q2 Answer the following questions: (2 x 10)
- a) Differentiate between EPROM and EEPROM?
 - b) What is flash memory?
 - c) Describe language portability.
 - d) Which layer of OSI model performs data compression operation?
 - e) What is DOS attack?
 - f) Explain the difference between TCP & UDP.
 - g) Describe snooping mechanism. How does it differ from sniffing?
 - h) What is WWW?
 - i) Differentiate between hard and soft real time systems.
 - j) Explain the difference between composite data type and derived data type in database with example.
- Q3 a) Draw the block diagram of computer and explain all the components of computer. (7)
- b) What is the advantage of secondary storage? Explain various secondary storage devices. (8)

- Q4 a) What is assembly language? Give its advantages over machine language. (7)
- b) What is operating system? Explain the functions of operating system. (8)
- Q5 a) Explain different components of a Database System. (7)
- b) What are various database models? Describe the feature of relational database model. (8)
- Q6 a) Compare the five generations of computers on the basis of the software technologies used. (7)
- b) Differentiate between System Software and Application Software with one example for each. (8)
- Q7 a) What are registers? List out the commonly found registers in the CPU and explain their functions. (7)
- b) Describe the features of several network topologies. (8)
- Q8 a) Explain the OSI architecture model. (7)
- b) Describe cyber law and internet security legislation. (8)

Registration No :

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Total Number of Pages : 02

IMBA
16IMN103

1st Semester Regular/Back Examination 2019-20

BUSINESS STATISTICS

BRANCH : IMBA

Max Marks : 100

Time : 3 Hours

Q.CODE : HBR714

Answer Question No.1 (Part-1) which is compulsory, any EIGHT from Part-II and any TWO from Part-III.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Part-I

Q1 Only Short Answer Type Questions (Answer All-10) (2 x 10)

- Given that mean=50, C.V=40%, Skewness (Karl'spearson)=-0.4. Find out S.D, mode and median.
- Find S.D Of 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21, 24, 27 and 30.
- The Harmonic mean of 10 and 15 observations are 10.2 and 12.5. Find combined H.M
- If C.V(x)=40% and C.V(y)=60%. S.D(x)=16, S.D(y)=15. Find Mean of X and Mean of Y.
- If Q.D is 40., find M.D and S.D
- The mean of 50 observations is 35. Later on it was found that one observation 45 is misread as 54. Find out corrected mean.
- Explain advantages of A.M
- Find the Quartile Deviation for the following data :
391, 384, 591, 407, 672, 522, 777, 733, 1490, 2488
- What is nominal and ordinal data?
- The probability that a boy will get a scholarship is 0.65. and that a girl will get it is 0.70. What is the probability that at least one of them will get the scholarship.

Part-II

Q2 Only Focused-Short Answer Type Questions- (Answer Any Eight out of Twelve) (6 x 8)

- The sum of deviation of a set of values $x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n$ measured from 50 is -10. And the sum of deviation of values from 46 is 70. Find the value of n and the mean.
- You note that your officer is happy on 60% of your calls, so you assign a probability of his being happy on your visit as 0.6. You have noticed also that if he is happy, he accedes to your request with a probability of 0.4 where as if he is not happy, he accedes to the request with probability of 0.1. You call one day, and he accedes to your request. What is the probability of his being happy?
- If A.M and G.M of two numbers are 10 and 8 respectively. Find the numbers.
- The mean of 5 observations is 6. And variance is 8. If three numbers are 2, 4, 8. Find the other two.
- Differentiate between primary and Secondary data.
- What is tabulation? Explain essential characteristics of tabulation.
- What do you mean by classification? Explain its objectives and types.
- Calculate β_1 and β_2 for the following data :

X:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
F :	5	10	15	20	25	20	15	10	5
- What do you mean by Skewness ? What are the various measures of skewness.
- What do you mean by kurtosis ? What is the measure of measuring kurtosis.?
- A bag contains 25 balls numbered from 1 to 25. One ball is drawn at random. Find the probability that the number of the drawn ball will be a multiple of (I) 3 or 5 (II) 2 or 6.

- l) Calculate Bowley's coefficient of skewness from the following data :
- | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Mid value: | 75 | 100 | 125 | 150 | 175 | 200 | 225 | 250 |
| Frequency: | 35 | 40 | 48 | 100 | 125 | 80 | 50 | 20 |

Part-III

Only Long Answer Type Questions (Answer Any Two out of Four)

- Q3** Define Statistics . Discuss in detail the importance of statistics with special reference to business and industry? (16)

- Q4** Find mean, median and mode of the following data : (16)
- | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Mid Value: | 10 | 30 | 50 | 70 | 90 | 110 | 130 | 150 | 170 | 190 |
| Frequency: | 12 | 15 | 18 | 22 | 24 | 37 | 40 | 43 | 18 | 12 |

- Q5** You are given below the daily wages paid to workers in two factories. (16)

Daily wages(Rs): No of workers in factory

	A	B
200-300	15	25
300-400	30	40
400-500	44	60
500-600	60	35
600-700	30	20
700-800	14	15
800-900	7	5

Using mean and standard deviation ,answer the following question:

- (I) Which factory pays higher average wages?
 (II) In which factory are wages more variable?
 (III) Which factory has to pay more wages in a month assuming the both work for 20 days in a month.

- Q6** a) What is Bays Rule and explain its uses. (16)
 b) What are the Procedures involved in collection of Primary data

Registration No :

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Total Number of Pages : 02

IMBA
16IMN103

1st Semester Regular / Back Examination 2018-19
BUSINESS STATISTICS

BRANCH : IMBA

Time : 3 Hours

Max Marks : 100

Q.CODE : E753

Answer Question No.1 (Part-1) which is compulsory, any EIGHT from Part-II and any TWO from Part-III.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Part- I

Q1 Short Answer Type Questions (Answer All-10)

(2 x 10)

- If $y=2+3x$ and mode of x is 15, find mode of y .
- The AM and GM for two observations are 5 and 4 respectively. Find the two observations.
- If there are two groups with 75 and 65 as harmonic means and containing 15 and 13 observations, then find combined HM.
- The sum of 10 observations is 110 and the sum of squares of observations is 2900, then find S.D.
- If mean and coefficient of variation of x are 10 and 40%, then find S.D.
- Two variables x & y are related by $y=4x-7$. If S.D of x is 2, find S.D of y .
- 3 coins are tossed at once. What is Prob. of getting at least 2 heads?
- Two dice are tossed at once. What is Prob. of getting the sum 10?
- One card is drawn from a pack of 52 cards. What is Prob. that the card drawn is either a heart or a diamond?
- If $Q_1=25$, $Q_3=75$ and coefficient of skewness = 0.4, find Q_2

Part- II

Q2 Focused-Short Answer Type Questions- (Answer Any Eight out of Twelve)

(6 x 8)

- Prove that $A.M \geq G.M \geq H.M$.
- Find AM of the following distribution.

Marks	More than 0 and above	More than 5 and above	More than 10 and above	More than 15 and above	More than 20 and above
C.F	10	8	5	1	0

- Find missing figure from the following distribution, where median = 32.5

Marks	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60
No. of Students	3	5	-	3	1

- Find coefficient of mean deviation about median for the following distribution

Weight (Kg)	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80
No. of Persons	8	12	20	10

28

- e) If the number of observations is 10 and $\sum x_i = 110$, $\sum (x_i - 5)^2 = 1000$, then find S.D.
- f) The Karl Pearson's coefficient of skewness of a distribution is 0.32. If S.D is 6.5 and mean is 29.6, then find mode and median.
- g) A card is drawn at random from a pack of 52 cards. What is Prob. that it is a heart or a queen?
- h) A speaks truth is 75% and B speaks truth is 80%, In what percentage of cases are they likely to contradict each other narrating the same incident?
- i) A, B & C are three mutually exclusive and exhaustive events. Find $P(B)$ if $\frac{1}{2}P(A) = \frac{1}{3}P(C) = P(B)$.
- j) A card is drawn from a pack of 52 cards and then a second card is drawn. What is prob. that both the cards drawn are queen?
- k) Two dice are tossed at once. What is prob. that the sum is neither 8 nor 10?
- l) Explain the following items of tabulation: Stub, Caption, Body, Foot note.

Part-III

Long Answer Type Questions (Answer Any Two out of Four)

Q3 The mean and variance of 5 observations are 4.8 & 6.16 respectively. If three of the observations are 2, 3 & 6, what are the remaining observations? **(16)**

Q4 Find Bowley measure of skewness from the following distribution. **(16)**

Age (Yr)	Below 20	20-25	25-30	30-35	35-40	40-45	45-50	50 and above
No. of Workers	13	29	46	60	112	94	45	21

Q5 In a pen factory, machines M_1 , M_2 and M_3 manufacture respectively 25, 35 & 40 percent of the total output. Of their output 5, 4 & 2 percent respectively are defective pens. One pen is drawn at random from the product and is found to be defective. What is prob. that it is produced in M_2 machine? **(16)**

Q6 Explain various methods for the collection of primary data and various sources of collection of secondary data. **(16)**

1st Semester Regular/Back Examination 2017-18
BUSINESS STATISTICS

BRANCH : IMBA

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 100

Q.CODE: B906

Answer Question No.1 and 2 which are compulsory and any four from the rest.
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Q1 Fill in the blanks : **(2x10)**

- In the olden days statistics was confined to only-----.
- Classification and ----- are the two methods that are used to condensed the data.
- The heading of the rows given in the first column of a table are called-----
- The data recorded according to standard of education like primary, secondary, graduate etc will be known as ----- classification.
- curve is graphical method of studying dispersion.
- Ogives for more than type and less than type distribution intersect at -----
- Geometric mean can not be calculated if any value of the set is -----.
- Median is a more suited average for grouped data with ----- classes.
- If $\beta_2 < 3$, the distribution is called-----.
- If mean = 50, mode = 48, S.D = 20, The coefficient of skewness will be -----.

Q2 Answer the following questions : **(2x10)**

- Explain various types of statistical units.
- What are the merits of ideal classification?
- What are the various methods of classification ?
- What do you mean by footnotes ?
- What are the basic objectives of tabulation ?
- Explain merits of arithmetic mean.
- What is the effect on mean if we increase, decrease all the terms of a series.
- What is the effect on standard deviation if we increase, multiply all the terms of a series.
- Establish the relationship among AM, GM and HM
- What are the various relative measures of skewness.

Q3 Find mean and mode of the following information : **(15)**

X	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100	100-120	120-140	140-160
f	14	26	33	36	39	18	6	2

Q4 a) Calculate harmonic mean from the following information : **(7.5)**

Mark	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50
No of students	2	7	13	5	3

- b) If the price of a commodity doubles in a period of 4 years ,what is the average percentages increased per year. (7.5)

- Q5 a) Fill in the blanks: (7.5)

	Series I	Series II	Combined
No.of Observation	100	-	250
Mean	15	-	50
Standard Deviation	3	-	5

- b) The arithmetic mean and standard deviation of a series of 20 observations were 20 and 5 respectively. Later on it was found that 13 was misread as 30. Find corrected mean and standard deviation. (7.5)

- Q6 a) Define Statistics.How statistics is used in Manageemnt? (7.5)
b) What are methods involved in collection of primary data. (7.5)

- Q7 a) (i) A and B throw alternatively with a pair of dice. A wins if he throws 6 before B throws 7, and B if he throws 7 before A throws 6. If A begins, show that his chance of his wining = $\frac{30}{61}$. (4+4)

(II) A Subcommittee of 6 members is to be formed out of a group of 7 men and 4 ladies. Calculate the probability that the subcommittee will consist of at least two ladies.

- b) A doctor has decided to prescribe two new drugs to 200 heart patients, as follows : 50 get drug A, 50 get drug B and 100 get both. Drug A reduces the probability of a heart attack by 35%, drug B reduced the probability by 20% and the two drugs, when taken together ,work independently .The 200 patients were chosen so that each has an 80% chance of having a heart attack. If a randomly selected patient has a heart attack , what is the probability that the patient was given both drugs. (7)

- Q8 a) Calculate coefficient of skewness from the following information. (7.5)

Age in Years	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60
No of Persons	18	20	30	22	10

- b) From the following information Find out kurtosis: (7.5)

Income(Rs.)(000)	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40
Frequency	1	3	4	2

Total Number of Pages: 2

IMBA
16IMN103**1st Semester Regular Examination-2016-17****BUSINESS STATISTICS**

Branch : Integrated MBA

Time: 3 Hours

Max marks: 100

Q.CODE : Y766

Answer Question No.1 & 2 which is compulsory and any four from the rest.**The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.**

- Q1 Fill in the blanks. (2 x 10)
- a) The data collected from book is _____ type of data?
 - b) _____ is a visual display of data in the form of continuous curves or discontinuous lines.
 - c) If three coin tossed simultaneously _____ is the probability getting 2heads.
 - d) If X and Y are independent event then $P(X \cap Y) =$ _____
 - e) Two consecutive class marks of a distribution are 36 and 41. Then the class size is _____
 - f) The relation between Mean, Median and Mode is _____.
 - g) The probability of sure event is _____?
 - h) If co-efficient of kurtosis is 2 then it is known as _____ kurtic
 - i) _____ is the median of first ten prime numbers.
 - j) _____ is the mode of the following set of numbers? {12,3,15,4,7,6,3,3,15}
- Q2 Answer the following questions: (2 x 10)
- a) What is skewness?
 - b) What do you mean by measure of central tendency?
 - c) Explain the meaning of sampling?
 - d) Define sample space, event and probability
 - e) What is Dispersion?
 - f) The marks obtained by 20 student of class in an examination are given below. 18,8,12,6,8,16,12,5,23,2,16,23,2,10,20,12,9,7,6,5. Represent the data in the form of a frequency distribution table of the same class size.
 - g) What is the use of Dispersion?
 - h) What do you mean by co-efficient of variation?
 - i) Describe kurtosis?
 - j) State Bayes' Theorem?

- Q3 a) Find the missing frequencies f_1 and f_2 of the following series. If the arithmetic mean is 39.5 and the total number of items is 100:

Marks:	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
F:	5	10	f_1	4	20	3	f_2

- b) If it rains, a dealer in umbrella can earn Rs.300 per day. If it does not, he would lose Rs.80 per day. What is his expectation if the probability of a rainy day is $57/100$?

- Q4 a) Calculate the geometric mean from the following distribution:

Marks:	0-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59
No. of students	8	32	22	58	124	84

- b) Three coins are tossed simultaneously. Find the probability that they will fall with two heads, and one tail.

- Q5 From the data given below calculate the harmonic mean of the outputs per worker:

Output:	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44
No of workers:	2	6	7	12	15	5	3

- Q6 a) The Mean, Median and Mode of a set of 75 items were ascertained to be 27, 29 and 34 respectively. Afterwards, it was noticed that an item was taken as 44 instead of 53. Determine the correct value of the Mean, Median and mode.
- b) The Arithmetic Mean and Geometric Mean of two items are 12.5 and 10 respectively. Ascertain the values of the two items

- Q7 The Means of the runs scored by the three batsman A, B and C in the same series of 10 innings are 50, 40 and 20 respectively. The Standard Deviation of their runs are respectively 15, 10 and 5. Who is the most consistent of the three? If one of the three is to be selected, who is he?

- Q8 a) The following is the distribution of marks of Arun class VI in all his subject. Draw a histogram for the above data.

Subject	English	Maths	Science	Geography	Economics	History
Marks	40	35	45	41	48	30

- b) Find the co-efficient of variation if, Variance is 16, number of items is 20 and sum of items is 160.

Registration No :

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Total Number of Pages : 01

IMBA
16IMN102

1st Semester Regular/Back Examination 2019-20
BUSINESS ORGANIZATION

BRANCH : IMBA

Time : 3 Hours

Max Marks : 100

Q.CODE : HRB635

Answer Question No.1 (Part-1) which is compulsory, any eight from Part-II and any two from Part-III.
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Part-I

Q1 Answer the following questions : (2 x 10)

- a) Define business. (2)
- b) What are the broad types of business? (2)
- c) What is a virtual organization? (2)
- d) What is a statutory corporation (2)
- e) Define a private company. (2)
- f) What is partnership deed? (2)
- g) What is the minimum number of signatories required to form a public limited company? (2)
- h) What is meant by federal decentralization? (2)
- i) What are the liabilities of a sleeping partner? (2)
- j) What is meant by dissolution of a partnership firm? (2)

Part- II

Q2 Only Focused-Short Answer Type Questions- (Answer Any Eight out of Twelve) (8 x 6)

- a) What are the essentials of successful business. (6)
- b) Discuss the merits and demerits of sole tradership form of business. (6)
- c) What should be the essential qualities required to be a successful in business. (6)
- d) Elaborate business process. (6)
- e) What are the merits of partnership form of business? (6)
- f) What are the different forms of co-operatives you are familiar with? (6)
- g) What are the characteristics of a company? (6)
- h) What are different forms of industries you know? (6)
- i) Distinguish between Line and Staff organizations (6)
- j) Write a note on Modern business environment. (6)
- k) Suppose you want to do a business, state what form of business organization you would like to form and why? (6)
- l) In today's time carrying on a business is tough in view of many legal requirement. Do you agree with this? Narrate how you will overcome such issues. (6)

Part-III

Only Long Answer Type Questions (Answer Any Two out of Four) (16x2)

- Q3** Discuss the different kinds of companies. (16)
- Q4** Explain the principles underlying designing an organizational structure. (16)
- Q5** What are the characteristics of an ideal form of business organization? Elaborate. (16)
- Q6** Write notes on the following (16)

- a. private vs public company
- b. Centralization vs Decentralization



Registration No :

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Total Number of Pages : 01

IMBA
16IMN102

1st Semester Regular Examination 2018-19
BUSINESS ORGANIZATION

BRANCH : IMBA

Time : 3 Hours

Max Marks : 100

Q.CODE : E689

Answer Question No.1 (Part-1) which is compulsory, any EIGHT from Part-II and any TWO from Part-III.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Part- I

Q1 Short Answer Type Questions (Answer All-10) (2 x 10)

- a) State two objectives of Business.
- b) Write two items of Partnership Deed.
- c) State two advantages of Staff Organisation.
- d) Write two features of Joint Stock Company.
- e) What is Memorandum of Association?
- f) Explain Matrix Organisation with example.
- g) State two qualities of a successful Businessman.
- h) What do you mean by Delegation of Authority?
- i) What is Federal Decentralisation?
- j) What is meant by virtual organization?

Part- II

Q2 Focused-Short Answer Type Questions- (Answer Any Eight out of Twelve) (6 x 8)

- a) Show classification of Industries.
- b) What is organization Chart? Explain with example.
- c) What is Dissolution of Partnership?
- d) Distinguish between Public sector and private sector.
- e) What are the steps of formation of a company?
- f) What is Corporate Social Responsibility?
- g) What are the different forms of Cooperative firms?
- h) Discuss the merits and demerits of company form of organization.
- i) What is Statutory Corporation?
- j) Distinguish between Centralisation and Decentralisation.
- k) Distinguish between formal and informal organization.
- l) Briefly describe Partnership Deed.

Part-III

Long Answer Type Questions (Answer Any Two out of Four)

- Q3** What is meant by business opportunity? How do you identify them? **(16)**
- Q4** Discuss the characteristics of Partnership? Briefly describe the different types of Partners. **(16)**
- Q5** What are the main features of Joint Stock Company? Distinguish between Public and Private Company. **(16)**
- Q6** What are the different types of Business Activities? Also discuss the qualities of a successful business man. **(16)**

1st Semester Regular/Back Examination 2017-18

BUSINESS ORGANIZATION

BRANCH(S): IMBA

Time: 3 Hours

Max marks: 100

Q.CODE: B819

Answer Question No.1 and 2 which are compulsory and any four from the rest.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

- Q1** Answer briefly the following questions: (2 x 10)
- a) The arrangement which directs the group efforts of employees towards the desired goal of the business is termed as _____.
 - b) _____ study is done to determine the best way of doing a job.
 - c) _____ study is done to eliminate wastage of time.
 - d) Management expands itself through _____.
 - e) _____ is one of the uncontrollable cause for the loss of production.
 - f) Under the policy of _____ licencing was made simple and Govt restriction was withdrawn.
 - g) _____ is one of the economic factors affecting business.
 - h) _____ is one of the limitations of controlling.
 - i) _____ tries to bridge the gap between expected performance and actual performance.
 - j) In the process of delegation, _____ can not be delegated.
- Q2** Answer the following questions : (2 x 10)
- a) What are the objectives of a business?
 - b) What is a statutory corporation?
 - c) What is decentralization?
 - d) What is learning organisations ?
 - e) What do you mean by span of control ?
 - f) Explain what is virtual organization ?
 - g) What is meant by informal organization?
 - h) What is meant by a partnership deed ?.
 - i) Write about different forms of cooperatives.
 - j) Who is a sole trader ?
- Q3** What are the different forms of business? Classify the industries. (15)
- Q4** Discuss the features, merits and demerits of sole tradership form of business organization. (15)
- Q5** Describe the qualities of a successful businessman . Mention any four successful young Indian businessmen and their success stories . (15)
- Q6** Explain the different forms of joint stock company. Also discuss the relative advantages and disadvantages. (15)
- Q7** What is meant by organizational structure ? Explain the underlying principles of designing of a structure in detail . (15)
- Q8** Write shorts on the following (any TWO) : (7.5 x 2)
- a) Formation of a Company
 - b) Decentralisation
 - c) Public and private Company

1st Semester Regular Examination – 2016-17
BUSINESS ORGANIZATION
BRANCH(S): Integrated MBA

Time: 3 Hours

Max marks: 100

Q.CODE:Y749

Answer Question No.1 and 2 which are compulsory and any four from the rest.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Q1 Answer briefly the following questions: (2 x 10)

- a) The extent to which power and authority are retained at the top level is known as _____.
- b) Unlimited liability is found in case of _____ form of business organization.
- c) Minimum _____ numbers of persons required to form a company.
- d) _____ Organizations do not have any formal structure as well as rules and regulations.
- e) _____ organization is a multinational structure arrangement that combines elements of function, product and geographic designs.
- f) Top to bottom, _____ and lateral are different forms of delegation.
- g) Cooperatives are legally registered as per the provisions of _____ act.
- h) The partner who is not actively involved in the ongoing business, but only has an investment, is known as _____.
- i) Political, economical, _____, _____, and legal are different components of external business environment.
- j) The new Indian Companies Act was enacted in the year _____.

Q2 Answer briefly the following questions: (2 x 10)

- a) What are the objectives of a business?
- b) What is a statutory corporation?
- c) What is federal decentralization?
- d) Outline different types of partners.
- e) Differentiate line and staff organization.
- f) What is delegation?
- g) What is meant by virtual organization?
- h) Distinguish public and private company.

i) Write about different forms of cooperatives.
j) What are the qualities of a successful businessman?

- Q3 Outline different structures of organization. Explain the matrix structure of organization with its merits and demerits. (15)
- Q4 Discuss the characteristics, merits and demerits of company form of business organization. (15)
- Q5 Briefly describe the modern form of business environment. (15)
- Q6 Explain the structural configuration of functional and divisional form of organization. (15)
- Q7 What is meant by partnership? Describe the characteristics, advantages and disadvantages of partnership form of business organization. (15)
- Q8 Write shorts on (any two): (7.5 x 2)
- a) Learning organization.
 - b) Sole trader
 - c) MNCs